## What is claimed is:

## CLAIMS

- 1. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence encoding an EGF-like domain, wherein the amino acid sequence has the binding characteristics of NRG3.
- 2. The polypeptide of claim 1 wherein the binding characteristics of NRG3 comprise

  (a) binding to ErbB4 receptor but not to ErbB2 receptor or ErbB3 receptor under experimentally comparable conditions, and
  - (b) activation of Erb 4 receptor tyrosine phosphorylation.
- 3. The polypeptide of claim I wherein the amino acid sequence has at least 75% amino acid sequence homology to the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:4.
- 4. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide binds to the ErbB4 receptor and stimulates tyrosine phosphorylation of the ErbB4 receptor.
- 5. A polypeptide that binds ErbB4 receptor, which polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of
- (a) a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 75% sequence homology to the extracellular domain NRG3 (SEQ ID NO:3 or 7).
- (b) a polypeptide combrising an amino acid sequence having at least 75% sequence homology to SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:6;
  - (c) a further mammalian homologue of polypeptide (a) or (b):
- (d) a soluble form of any of the polypeptides (a) (c) having a transmembrane domain that cannot anchor the polypeptide in a cell membrane; and
- (e) a derivative of any of the polypeptides (a) (d) having the binding characteristics of NRG3.

- 6. The polypeptide of claim 1 encoded by a NRG3 nucleic acid open reading frame sequence in ATCC deposit 209(56 (pLXSN.mNRG3).
- 7. The polypeptide of claim 1 encoded by a NRG3 nucleic acid open reading frame sequence in ATCC deposit 209157 (pRK5.tk.neo.hNRG3B1).
- 8. The polypeptide of claim 1 encoded by a NRG3 nucleic acid open reading frame sequence in ATCC deposit 2092 (pRK5.tk.nep.hNRG3B2).
- 9. The polypeptide of claim 1 which is devoid of a cytoplasmic domain, or devoid of a transmembrane domain that can anchor the polypeptide in a cell membrane, or both.
  - 10. The polypeptide of claim unaccompanied by native glycosylation.
  - 11. The polypeptide of claim which has a variant glycosylation.
  - 12. An antagonist of the polypeptide of claim 1.
  - 13. An agonist of the polypeptide of claim 1.
  - 14. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 15./ The nucleic acid molecule of claim 14 further encoding the extracellular domain of a mammalian NRG3.
- 16. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 15, wherein the encoded extracellular domain has at least 75% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:7.

- 17. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 14 wherein the encoded amino acid sequence is devoid of a cytoplasmic domain or a transmembrane domain that can anchor the polypeptide in a cell membrane, or both.
- 18. An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 14 operably linked to control sequences recognized by a host cell transformed with the vector.
- 19. An expression vector according to claim 18 obtainable as ATCC <u>209/56</u> (pLXSN.mNRG3).
- 20. An expression vector according to claim 18 obtainable as ATCC 209/57 (pRK5.tk.neo.hNRG3B1).
- 21. An expression vector according to claim 18 obtainable as ATCC <u>209297</u> (pRK5.tk.neo.hNRG3B2).
  - 22. A host cell comprising the vector of claim 18.
  - 23. The host cell of claim 20 which is a mammalian cell.
  - 24. The host cell of claim 28 which is a Chinese hamster ovary cell line.
- 25. A method for producing the amino acid sequence encoding an EGF-like domain that binds ErbB4 receptor, the method comprising:
  - a) culturing a cell comprising the nucleic acid of claim 14; and
  - b) recovering the polypeptide from the cell culture.
- 26. The method of claim 25 wherein the polypeptide is secreted into the culture medium and recovered from the culture medium.

- 27. An antibody that specifically binds to the polypeptide of claim 1.
- 28. A hybridoma cell line producing the antibody of claim 27.
- 29. An immunoadhesin comprising the polypeptide of claim 1 fused to an immunoglobulin sequence.
- 30. The immunoadhesin of claim 29, further comprising the EGF-like domain of SEQ ID NO:4.
- 31. The immunoadhesin of claim 29 wherein the immunoglobulin sequence is an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant domain sequence.
- 32. The immunoadhesin of claim 31 wherein the immunoglobulin sequence is a constant domain sequence of an IgG-1/1gG-2 or IgG-3.
  - 33. A method of detecting an NRG3 in a sample, the method comprising:
    - a) contacting the antibody of claim 27 with the sample;
- b) detecting binding of the antibody to a polypeptide in the sample, wherein the polypeptide is an NRG3.
  - 34. A method of detecting ErbB4 receptor in a sample, the method comprising:
    - a) contacting the polypeptide of claim 1 with the sample; and
    - b) detecting binding of the amino acid sequence to a protein in the sample.
- 35. The method of claim 34 wherein the sample comprises a cell expressing ErB4 receptor on its surface.
  - /36. The method of claim 35 wherein the sample is a mammalian tissue sample.

37. A method of administering a NRG3 polypeptide to a mammal experiencing a disorder treatable with NRG3,

wherein the method comprises introducing into the mammal a cell comprising the nucleic acid of claim 14, and

wherein the NPG3 polypeptide is secreted by the cell.

38. The method of claim 37 wherein the cell is contained within a porous matrix and the matrix is administered to the mammal.

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